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THE BAPTIST HERALD

# What's Happening

geles, Cal.f., was incapacitated for several weeks late in January and during the month of February. During his illness several retired ministers, who are members of the church, conducted the services. Among them was the Rev. Max Leuschner.

The Rev. Paul Gebauer spent Sunday, Feb. 24, in North Freedom, Wis. From March 3 to 13 he visited our churches in Iowa. From 14 to 24 he will speak in our churches of South Dakota. He hopes to be back in Forest Park, Ill., early in April in time for the sessions of the General Missionary Committee.

Erin Ave. Church, Cleveland, Ohio, since the first of February, reports that he found "The Baptist Herald" in the church periodical section in the public library of Cleveland. This parallels the news about "The Baptist Herald" in the public library of New York City on West 124th Street.

The Rev. H. C. Baum, evangelist of our denomination, conducted revival services for two weeks in February in Wishek, North Dakota, for several weeks in February and March in Lehr, North Dakota, and for the same period of time in Chancellor, South Dakota. From March 31st to April 12th he will be in Gotebo, Oklahoma.

Miss Margaret Lang, missionary of the Sudan field in Africa, now at home on furlough, addressed congregations in the First churches of St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn., on successive Sundays, February 24th and March 3rd. One of her brothers and family are members of the Minneapolis Church, of which the Rev. H. Hirsch is minister.

The Rev. C. A. Daniel is spending the months of March and April in our churches of New York City and vicinity. He will conduct evangelistic services in the Harlem and Third German Baptist churches, of which the Rev. Frank Orthner and J. F. Niebuhr are pastors repectively, as well as in other nearby churches of our denomination.

The First Church of Saint Joseph, Mich., will celebrate its 75th anniversary from April 7 to 9. All former members are cordially invited to participate in these festivities or, if that is not possible, to send letters of greeting to the church clerk, Mr. Edward S. Doescher, residing at 318 Lake Court, Saint Joseph, Mich. The minister of the church is the Rev. E. Umbach.

The Rev. William Kuhn preached at both services on Sunday, Feb. 10, at our Last summer this church transferred its

The Rev. J. A. H. Wuttke of Los An- ence, a most unusual occurrence in this day of change from German to English. The Rev. W. A. Weyrauch is minister of the church.

> Mr. Adolph Herbst, a charter member for 62 years of the First German Baptist Church of St. Paul, Minn., died on Feb. 20 after a lingering illness. He was 85 years of age. At his death he was senior deacon of the church, having served as deacon for many decades. The minister of the church, the Rev. A. G. Schlesinger, officiated at the memorial service on the following Saturday.

Th Rev. H. R. Schroeder of the Riverview Church, St. Paul, Minn., was called The Rev. John Leypoldt, pastor of the to Dallas, Oregon, after the unexpected announcemnt of the death of his mother, Mrs. Henrietta Schroeder, reached him. She passed away on Feb. 20th at the age of 68 years. Her clear faith and beautiful Christian life had long been an inspiration to all who knew her. She was a member of our church in Salt Creek, Oregon.

> The Rev. Emil D. Gruen, superintendent of the Bethel Jewish Mission in Philadelphia, Pa., was the guest of the Diocesan Committee of the Protestant Episcopal Church of Pennsylvania at a tea given in Germantown, Pa., on Thursday, Feb. 14. Mr. Gruen, pres dent of the Philadelphia branch of the Hebrew-Christian Alliance, was a speaker along with Bishop Taitt of the Pennsylvania diocese.

> The First German Baptist Church, Union City, N. J., of which the Rev. John Schmidt is minister, was privileged recently to see official moving pictures of the Congress of the Baptist World Alliance held last August in Germany and to hear the Rev. Wiliam A. Mueller, Ph. D., of Brooklyn, N. Y. The Messrs. Rudolf M Ibrandt and Richard Schie'ke participated in recent services of worship of the church.

> The Rev. Charles W. Koller spent two weeks in February at the Oak Street Church, Burlington, Iowa, conducting evargelistic services. The Rev. Charles F. Zummach, pastor of the church, reports that in spite of the unfavorable weather and terrible roads, the meetings were well attended. Mr. Koller brought heart searching messages and the results were very gratifying. About fifty persons took the first step in the Christ'an life, of which a number were adults.

On Feb. 11 the Calvary Baptist Church of Pek'n, I'l., observed a "Lincoln N'ght" for the men and boys of the church. Fifty one were present for the varied program of music, games, refreshments, and an address on "Permanent Attribchurch in Jamestown, North Dakota. utes of Abraham Lincoln." Beginning with Feb. 26 two weeks of evangel stic affiliation from the English State con- services, conducted by the Rev. Harold vention to our German Baptist Confer- E. Garner of Oglesby, Ill., were held

with the pastor of the local church, the Rev. Ralph P. Blatt, leading the musical program.

Professor Jacob Heinrichs of Canton, Ohio, celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday on March 2 in Alberta, Canada, where he has been teaching a Young People's Bible School since the first of the year. For almost 30 years he was missionary and missionary teacher in India and from 1918 until his retirement in 1933 professor and dean in the Northern Baptist Theological Seminary, Chicago. Ill. He is one of the most esteemed men of our denomination, whose life has been an inspiration and benediction to innumerable hosts of people, young and old alike.

Several Young People's and Sunday School Workers' Unions are publishing unique monthly or quarterly bulletins. The "Texas G. B. Y. P. News," edited by Mr. Walter Schaible of Waco, Texas, is in its sixth volume. The Minnesota Union recently began publishing an interesting monthly paper called "The Messenger," edited by Mrs. R. B. Glewwe. The Atlantic Conference Union will begin publishing a quarterly news magazine within a few weeks. If any other German Baptist Unions are carrying on similar publicity ventures, the editor would like to receive copies of such papers.

The Sunday School of the Park Baptist Church, St. Louis, Mo., has been making inspiring and encouraging progress since the first of the year. The average attendance during the Sundays in January was almost 300. Mr. F. H. Wittneben is superintendent. The young people's society has undergone a complete reorganization with considerable success. Its meetings continue throughout the entire year. The 85th anniversary of the church was held last fall with an address by the Rev. O. Johnson, D. D., formerly president of the Northern Baptist Convention. The Rev. Thomas Stoeri is minister of the Park Baptist Church.

The sixth annual institute of the Young People's and Sunday School Workers' Union of Minnesota was held at our church in Minneapolis from Feb. 22 to 24. The theme was "Go Ye-Lo, I am With You." A large attendance of enthusiastic young people was evidenced in all of the sessions with the Sunday services taxing the seating capacity of the church. The Rev. Reuben Nelson of the Bethel Institute, the Ray, Edwin Dahlberg, D. D., pastor of the First Baptist Church, St. Paul, the Rev. George Fedder, D. D., pastor of the University Bapt'st Church, Minneapolis, and the Rev. Martin L. Leuschner, editor of "The Baptist Herald," participated in the program with addresses and forum discussions

MARTIN L. LEUSCHNER, Editor

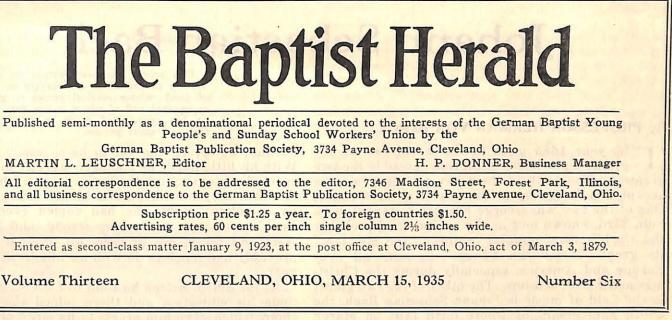
Volume Thirteen

# EDITORIAL The Observance of Lent

THE season of the year in the church's calendar, of the Garden of Gethsemane with its bitter cup for L called "Lent," is the possession of all bodies his lips. We, too, should experience something of of Christian people. We need extended seasons for the agony and suffering which our Savior undermeditation and study and prayer, and the weeks went as he hung upon the cross, bearing our sins before the joyous festival of Easter with its trium- and transgressions, so that we might know "the phant message of victory and the resurrection of fellowship of his sufferings" and then "the power Christ are well adapted for the quiet contempla- of his resurrection." tion of God's truths and the intensive disciplining of life.

Lent may become a glorious religious experience in our lives if it becomes the channel through which Christ speaks and calls to us. Do you set aside some "Lent" comes from the Anglo-Saxon word, "Lencten," or spring season. It designates the time of time each day for meditation and prayer, for an fasting before Easter. The actual length of Lent is earnest study of God's Word? Does "the beauty of Jesus shine in you," reflecting the sweetness. forty days with the Sundays not reckoned in the patience and love of his spirit? Has your religion period of fasting. The dates of the Lenten season this year are, therefore, from March sixth to April ever made any demands on you at great cost, involving tremendous sacrifices, for yourself? Is your twentieth. body in truth "the temple of the living God," or Some churches emphasize the outward, ritualistic are you addicted to physical practises and habits which are unbecoming to the Christian life? Is your demands of these weeks. Lent for communicants of such churches means the abstaining from certain worship in church the ministry of a humble, eager. foods, the attendance at special services, the temhappy child of God or are you critical and cantanporary self-denial of amusements, and the meticukerous in the fellowship of Christian folk? These lous observance of prescribed practises. That picare questions which bare the tragic weakness and ture of Lent is utterly foreign to us, as Baptists, and the sinful attitudes which cling to us like barnacles makes no winsome appeal in our lives. to a ship, but the Lenten season is a time for spiritual inventory, for a frank facing of facts before Our observance of Lent should stress the spiritual Christ, our Savior, for a penitent humbling of ourmessage of this season. We, too, should be deeply selves before our God.

conscious of those closing days in Jesus' life before his crucifixion as "he set his face steadfastly to go to Jerusalem." We, too, should hear and heed his words that "he who would come after me must deny should watch and pray with him in the loneliness not seen, yet we love !"



Let us observe Lent as those, for whom no sacrifice is too costly, no service too demanding, no shame too humiliating when these are experienced himself and take up his cross daily." We, too, for the sake of Him, Jesus Christ, "whom having

### THE BAPTIST HERALD

## Johann Sebastian Bach

### **By PROFESSOR HERMAN VON BERGE**

THE year 1685 gave to the world two of the bastian, however, was not to be so easily denied. greatest musicians of all time, possibly the two greatest. The birth of these two men may well be accepted as ushering in the era of modern music. One of the two was George Frederick Handel, born Feb. 23rd, known best as the composer of probably the world's most popular oratorio, "the Messiah." Its great "Hallelujah Chorus" is sung all over Europe and America, especially during the Christmas and Easter seasons. The other of the two giants in the field of music is Johann Sebastian Bach, the 250th anniversary of whose birth falls on March 21st of this year.

### The Immortal Greatness of Johann Sebastian Bach

The esteem in which Bach is held by our historians may be seen by a quotation or two. Dickinson says in his "Music in the History of the Western Church" that "the name Bach is the greatest in Protestant church music, and there are many who do not hesitate to say that it is the greatest in all history of music, religious or secular." And the well-known "Grove's Dictionary of Music" quotes Schumann as saying that "music owes Bach almost as great a debt as religion owes to its founder."

Johann Sebastian Bach is a scion of the most musical family known to history. In seven generations of them-Sebastian belongs to the fifth-out of sixty members of the family all but seven were organists, cantors, or town musicians. A number of them stood out with marked ability, several approaching genius. Sebastian was born in Eisenach, almost exclusively to secular instrumental music, in the shadow of the Wartburg, where Luther had been prisoner. He was the sixth child of Johann Ambrosius. The Bach family, of wholesome Thuringian peasant stock, had the happy custom of holding annual reunions. They were devout Lutherans and zealous people and were held in high esteem by all who knew them because of their sterling qualities.

### A Brief Biography of Bach's Life

From the father Sebastian received lessons in violin and viola. But when he was only ten years old he lost both parents and went to live with his older brother, Johann Christoph, continued his schooling F-sharp and G-flat were the same; and so one could dent occurring in this period is a typical illustration of Bach's perseverance and untiring energy even while he was still a boy. Johann Christoph had a collection of manuscripts containing compositions every time he is called upon for service. Through of several masters, such as Pachelbel, with whom the influence of Bach and that of a Frenchman, he had studied for three years, Frohberger, and named Rameau, the simple expedient was adopted others. These he kept as sacred treasures and stub-others. These he kept as sacred treasures and stub-into 19 into 1

This article has been written in commem-oration of the 250th anniversary of the birth of Bach, whose musical genius is universally recognized and of whom it has been said that he has contributed more to religious music than any other person.

With his little hands he managed secretly to get the coveted copies through the lattice work of the closet in which they were kept, and he did not rest until, on moonlight nights, he had copied every note. Bach's eyes were never very strong, and his constant and severe use of them all through his life probably had much to do with his blindness in later years.

At the age of fifteen he went to Lüneburg to continue his education and there joined the church choir, which gave him access to its large library of vocal music. This he studied with the avid curiosity shown all through his life. Here he also learned to play the organ, and from then on developed the passion for this isntrument and his marvelous technic. It was not possible for him to enter the university, for there were no funds available. He was glad, therefore, upon completion of his school work, to accept a call to Weimar as volinist in the ducal band. Shortly after that he became organist at Arnstadt, at the age of only eighteen. Bach made use of every possibly opportunity to hear the outstanding organists of his day, such as Reinken and Buxtehude, often walking many weary miles to have that privilege and to profit by their example.

## Bach's Great Achievements in Music

After he had spent a number of years in various positions as organist, he accepted an appointment as Capellmeister to the Prince of Anhalt-Cöthen. In this position he applied himself for seven years mainly of a domestic nature. The outcome was a perfect outpouring of compositions, solo sonatas for violin, flute, viola da gamba, and concertos for strings and various combinations of instruments.

The most notable of all, however, was the collection of twenty-four preludes and fugues in all keys. These latter were in support of his demand for the "Well-Tempered Clavichord." Up to Bach's time the tuning of keyed instruments caused much difficulty. It was found impossible to tune all intervals of the same time to true pitch. To tune the fifth true, made the octave sharp; to tune the octave true, made the fifth a trifle flat. In true tuning, never play in all the different keys on the same instruments. Anyone further interested in this problem can discuss it with any good piano tuner. He knows all about it, for he has to wrestle with it bornly refused his younger brother access to them into 12 equal half steps, thus putting individual in spite of the latter's earnest pleading. Young Se- tones slightly out of true pitch, though not enough

### March 15, 1935

to offend the ear, thereby obviating all the difficul- an opportunity to hear his opponent and no longer ties mentioned above. All keyed instruments are feeling the courage to measure strength with him. Bach then performed alone and played brilliantly. now tuned on that principle. To Bach also goes the credit for a new system of With that incident a new day dawned for German art, which up to that time had been more or less fingering, without which piano playing could never under foreign domination. That had now come to have reached a virtuoso stage. Raising the hand its end in the realm of music for Germany.

above the keys from its former flat position, he brought the thumb into play, and by inventing the scale fingering, afterwards universally adopted, he opened the way to the style of brilliant and smooth running passages which afterwards was so highly developed.



Johann Sebastian Bach ended an epoch. In his own day he was neither understood, nor was the Johann Sebastian Bach enormity of his accomplishments appreciated. Even A Musical Challenge and a New Epoch in Germany his own sons regarded his work as old-fashioned. On one of his many tours, which he made every His compositions were neglected, and his name was threatened with oblivion. It was not until almost a year for the purpose of giving performances on the century had gone by that the world awakened to organ and clavier, Bach came to Dresden. Here he the full recognition of the man's greatness. Robert found a French player of great reputation, named Marchand, whose performance completely carried Schumann and Chopin became ardent Bach adaway his audiences. But he had also made many mirers. In his music journal Schumann urged the enemies by his arrogance and intolerant competi- projected publication of Bach's works to mark the tion. Bach was persuaded by friends to send a centenary of his birth. Felix Mendelssohn studied written challenge to the Frenchman for a musical Bach scores with his friends, and in 1829 he celecontest, offering to solve any problem which his op- brated the centenary of the first performance of ponent should set before him, on condition, of "The St. Matthew Passion" by presenting it in Bercourse, of being allowed to reciprocate. Marchand lin. In 1850 a Bach Society was established, its obaccepted, in his pride picturing to himself a glow- ject being to issue annually a volume of Bach's pubing victory. Time and place were definitely ar- lications to subscribers. The first volume was issued ranged, and a large and brilliant audience assem- in 1851, the forty-sixth in 1900. Thus through the bled. Bach made his appearance, but there was no indefatigable work of a few the greatest musical Marchand. It developed that he had suddenly dis- genius, which the world has ever known, has been appeared that very morning, probably having found immortalized.

It is to be regretted deeply that Bach and Handel never met each other. It almost seems as if Handel deliberatly avoided meeting Bach. Three times Handel came from London to visit his birthplace, Halle, just a short distance from Bach's home. On the occasion of the first visit, Bach at once went to Halle to meet Handel, only to find that he had departed. On Handel's second visit Bach was confined to his home because of illness, but he sent his son to Halle to invite Handel to visit him. Handel declined the invitation. When he returned the third time. Bach was dead.

### Bach's Devotion to the Service of Religion

There is no department of music in which Bach was not thoroughly acquainted. But as an organ player and composer Bach stands at the summit of human achievement. He had an enormous hand. While spanning a twelfth, he would play intricate figurations with the middle finger. He could play for hours without tiring. His constant practise enable him to execute runs on the pedals with absolute perfection and astounding nicety. He was a master in registration. Bach's art is evidenced in his fugues, preludes, fantasies, sonatas, and choral variations. In his fugues he shows, perhaps most convincingly, that supreme mastery of design and splendor of invention and fancy which have given him the place he holds by universal consent among the greatest artists of all time. There is no loftier example in the history of artistic genius devoted to the service of religion than that of Johann Sebastian Bach. He always felt that his life was consecrated to God, to the honor of the church, and the wellbeing of man.

### Bach as the Greatest Musical Genius of the World

# **Planning Your Summer Vacation**

### By NORMAN J. BOEHM

WHAT special activities or projects does your local society, group of societies or conference sponsor? You ask, what kind of activities? The answer can be brought in general that there are many things that can become successful additions to your program by intelligent, long-time planning. A few among these are banquets, mission conferences. week-end retreats, institutes, assemblies, rallies and other occasions that bring youth and Sunday School workers together in spiritual upbuilding, character strengthening and ventures developing physical, mental and social traits of life.

### A Full Measure of Happiness

To be more specific, these events provide that stimulus necessary to a fuller, richer, and more abundant enjoyment of our Christian life. Christ intends that we should be happy in our religion. How can we convince someone else that they should have what we have, if our own life is none too attractive and doesn't reveal that joy that should radiate from us? These are very practical things which we are discussing. Think them over.

As Christian young people, Sunday School workers and laymen we should learn "rightly to divide the word of truth" and "study to show ourselves approved of God." Our planning should take all of these things into consideration. It is not enough that we attend church services on Sunday, attend or teach a Sunday School class or meet with the young people's society. You will derive experiences from your Christian life in the same measure that you put something into life with liberal interest.

### Now Is the Time to Plan

A number of our young people's groups have winter institutes and summer assemblies. These are greatly to their advantage in studying, as a group, various phases of the Christian life, the Bible, Christian history, methods of teaching, the mechanics and personality of leadership and many other subjects. However, we must have a mind set to work, to learn and to act. If your group can come together this summer at some nature spot and worship and study in God's environment and in fellowship with each other, your spiritual life will be greatly enriched. But now is the time to lay the ground work and to do the planning.

Secure speakers or teachers who can intelligently direct the thinking of the class or group to which they will minister. Utilize the natural facilities of a location, which is not too far removed from your community, so as not to make the travel cost prohibitive. Count on planned recreation and social events. They, too, have a place in an assembly. Your people should return refreshed in mind, spirit, and body, with a rich measure of enthusiasm, desires and capabilities awakened for greater and more efficient service for the Lord.

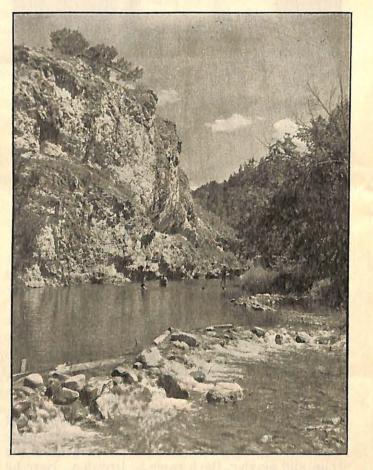
The aggressive president of the Young Peo-ple's and Sunday School Workers' Union suggets a planned program of summer activities for the youth of our churches, which will undoubtedly elicit enthusiastic response.

THE BAPTIST HERALD

### The Benefits of Summer Assemblies

While a summer assembly or church conference is not stressed to provide the means for meeting life companions, the question still remains, under what finer circumstances the young people could develop such an important phase of their lives. And for the older folk, what better opportunity is there to make and to renew friendships which ennoble their passing through life?

Yes-look ahead for a full measure of God's



Courtesy, Chicago and Northwestern Railway.

### The Lure of God's "Great Out-of-Doors"

riches which he wants us to enjoy as his children! He came to us in Jesus Christ that we might have a more abundant life. It is ours to accept. Do your planning now for a pleasant time next summer. If you have suggestive or novel ideas, write them to your president or to your general secretary. If you need help or do not know how to proceed, write and ask. We are in this work to be mutually helpful. We wish for you a successful assembly next summer and spiritual experiences which will unfold God's truths to you in greater glory than ever before.

### March 15, 1935

## Religious News of the World

### Barthianism in Holland and the years ago he has saved between 25,000 Orient

Utrecht, Holland. Professor Karl Barth, Swiss theologian who was d smissed from his Bonn University chair by the Nazis, opened a series of lectures here early in February on "The Chief Problems of Dogmatics.'

During the same week "The Christ'an Century" reported that "Karl Barth is exercising a growing influence upon the thought of the Japanese Christians, and his theology is one of the factors which will determine their attitudes and polic'es with reference to some of the practical problems which Oriental Christians are now facing. This is made clear by the report of a joint conference of Chinese and Japanese Christian leaders held in China several weeks ago.'

### A Baptist Layman Honored

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 20. The Washington award for 1935, the highest honor of the various societies of engineers in America, was conferred upon one of the most famous of mechanics, Arrbrose Swasey of Cleveland, Ohio, at a banquet in his honor at the La Salle Hotel. He is also a prominent Baptist layman. The Washington Award, named to honor George Washington for his contributions to human welfare, was founded in 1916 by John Watson Alford. It was awarded this year to Ambrose Swasey for "his distinguished contributions as a builder of instruments, institutions and men."

Among the many generous gifts of Mr. Swasey have been the following: the astronomical observatory and chapel of Dennison University; Christian Association building, Canton, China; Sc ence building, University of Nanking; and the beautiful library building of the Colgate-Rochester Divinity School, Rochester. N. Y. At the time of the unveiling of Mr. Swasey's portrait in the hallway leading into the seminary library on Oct. 21, 1932, Dr. Albert W. Beaven said of him: "We honor Dr. Swasey today, not as a great engineer, nor another head of a great business concern, but because he has lived a Christian life that inspires us. Dr. Swasey, because of h's personality, because of his Christian interest, because of his quiet modesty, because of the years that he has been spared, has been able to make the kind of record that we would crave to make, if we had the character. He is one of the men who make it easier to believe in God and to believe that God can live in our lives'

### The National Safe-A-Life League

New York, N. Y. The annual report of "The National Save-a-Life League" was recently made public and more detailed publicity was given it by Dr. Stanley H'gh, radio commentator. During the past year it has saved the lives of 3400 people and since its beginning 28 on March 1 unless he receives funds. ing their need."

Times."

curred

According to Dr. High, "the league's work doesn't stop when a man has been Protestant Episcopal Church. pulled out of the East River or persuaded to throw away his gun. After the life has been saved there's still the bigger job of helping to rebuild it. Here was a man, driven by desperation, who was caught stealing from his bank. The League stepped in between him and suicide, shipped him to another city, got him a job, and now, every week, receives a check which it forwards to the bank to amortize the theft. I suppose that if you were to ask Dr. Warren what the basis is for this success, he would undoubtedly put religion at the heart of the whole matter.'

### U. S. Churches in Germany to Close

and 30,000 people from suicide, according to figures published after an independent investigation by "The New York

The league was started in 1906 by the young assistant minister of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church by the name of Harry Marsh Warren. He was left a gift of \$50,000 by a wealthy member of the church for his personal use, but he took the money and founded the National Save-a-L'fe League. Today the best psychiatrists are on its consulting staff. It maintains a 24 hour a day connection with the New York City Police Department. Its work is not only confined to the prevent on of suicide but it also aids the tragic business of readjusting the lives of families where suicides have oc-

Berlin, Germany, Feb. 24. American churches and libraries connected with them in Berlin, Munich, and Dresden are in distress and warned their friends that they must close unless they are given financial aid. The fate of the famous American church in Berlin is uncertain. The keys to the church were delivered today to Douglas Jenkins, American consul general, by the governing board which has resigned. The church belongs to the Federal Council of Churches in Amer'ca, but the Berlin American congregation is supposed to take care of its upkeep. With the smallness of Berlin's American colony, the drop in tourists, and the depression of the dollar, the church has been faring badly.

The church board, presided over by James Lee II, son of the late Ivy Lee, New York publicist, tried to keep the church going. A young student read the services in exchange for a small threeroom flat beside the square church tower, which was donated by John D. Rockefeller. But the coal bill swallowed most of the current contributions. The Rev. Frederick Wissenbach in Munich warned that he will be forced to close up the American Church of the Ascension there

### The Richest Church in the World

New York, N. Y The famous New York City Church, "Old Trinity," located at the head of Wall Street, has the distinction of being the richest parish in the world, according to "The Baptist Evangel" in its February, 1935, issue. The annual report, published recently, shows assets of \$31 745 639.70. The site on which the present church, the third edifice to be erected, stands has been consecrated to religion since 1697. The Rev. Frederic S. Fleming, D. D., present rector, began his ministry there in 1933. The year-book takes 300 pages to tell the moving story of all of Trinity's activities in its eight chapels. The parish pays taxes to the City of New York amounting to over \$500,000 annually. The amount needed for the support of the churches and the cemetery was \$484,089. The parish belongs to the

### A Monthly Magazine for the Blind

New York, N. Y. Miss Margaret Applegarth has recently appealed to the Christian people of America to help support and maintain in our the most unusual publications in our country. It is a rel gious magazine for the blind, whose actual production cost is \$4.00 a year, but which is made available for blind people through the benevolent gifts of friends through the John Milton Foundation, 210 Bible House, Astor Place, New York City. Miss Applegarth. who is one of the three volunteer editors. has described the work of the Foundation as follows:

"For many years the blind in this country have been appealing for a strong and wholesome Protestant religious periodical, with articles reflecting the best Christian thinking and trends of the religious world, together with inspirational material, hymns, and Sunday School lesson helps. It was to fill this need that "The John Milton Magazine for the Blind" was started two years ago by a board of managers, members of which were appointed by the International Council of Religious Education and the two interdenominational Councils on Home Missions. Each month since then the magazine has appeared in Braille, eighty pages, embossed on the usual heavy paper, 11x11 irches. There are at present 1,500 b'ind subscribers who pay an annual registration fee of only ten cents. They realize this is merely a nominal amount, and those who are able to send more do so; but the blind are rarely in good circumstances, so that the majority of the renewals are for ten cents. These renewals are accompanied, however, by notes of such enthusiasm and delight that there is no least doubt that the magazine is meet-

# From Anarchist and Socialist to Christ

THE MARVELOUS STORY OF A TWICE-BORN CHARACTER IN MODERN GERMANY

### By WILLIAM A. MUELLER

Chapter Six

Days passed by. Fritz Binde's fiancée left town to enter a pension for a year. He felt free now to live his own life again. Again he delved into the materialistic books of philosophy. He became a member of a free thinker's reading circle. This step determined the course of his life for the next few months. Every Saturday evening he spent in the free thinker's circle. He read day and n'ght, and within six months he had book debts equivalent to his salary for the next six months. He read practically everything he could get hold of. In this circle he became acquainted with Ludwig Büchner, who proved to him that outside of matter there is no other principle in the universe. God was eliminated from Fritz Binde's world view. God was nothing more than the self-idealization of man

Fritz Binde did not feel quite easy under the shadows of this new, barren Binde. philosophy. It was so dreary, so utterly hopeless. The eternal law of nature of which he had been reading to suffocation, were too prosaic. He needed a dream and an ideal to fill his heart and soul.

Fritz Binde turned socialist in this crisis through the impetus received from one of his old pals who had written him that he was laboring in Switzerland for the deliverance of the proletariat. At first, in his thorough way, he studied diligently the works of Marx and Engels, joined a socialistc club, and having always been a friend of the poor and downtrodden, he quite naturally fitted into the new scheme of things. Once the socialistic ideals had captivated his mind and heart, he set to the task of realizing those ideals.

When his fianceée returned home from her stay in the pension, he read to her a poem by Vischer and through it confessed to her that he had thrown faith in God overboard. Anna Kortenhaus listened with much sadness in her heart to the recitation of this poem. She said to him: "God is not like that. Just because he is God, he does not beat upon mankind with thunderbolts. The evil in the world comes from the sin in our hearts. And Christ died for our sins. This I have learned, and I am going to abide by it."

Fritz Binde laughed. Then she turned to him again and said: "Then what Mother wrote me is true: that now instead of going to church you go to the circle of free-thinking friends?" He answered affirmatively. She wrung her hands and cried: "Oh, why don't you help me? It cannot be your desire to ruin my father. You love me, don't you, Fritz?"

He answered: "I cannot help it." "What? You cannot help it? Then I

say unto you: Go, go, leave me! I do not want you! I don't want a man to be my husband who sends my father to an early grave" While they thus spoke, Father Korten-

haus entered the room. He had overheard the heated conversation. He stepped over the threshold like a ghost. He was pale like death himself.

"My child, be quiet. The Lord will help." He raised his hands as though to assuage the conflict which was raging in the breast of the young people.

Fritz Binde, though baffled at first, retorted stubbornly: 'I know no other Lord than truth."

"That is good, my son," replied the father-in-law, "But you ought to know that Jesus Christ, the Son of God, is the truth, and beside him no one else."

"Those are crazy ideas," cried Fritz

"Crazy ideas?" His eyes quivered. His bony hands as though paralyzed by an electric current were made into fists. "What, crazy ideas?" he repeated, as his agonized face with the deep blue eyes turned toward the one he loved so dearly, "you dare say such a thing within the four walls of my house; you have the audacity to vilify my religion in such a cruel manner? That is blasphemous. That is base, and even devilish. You deserve to be .... " H's right hand trembled, so that Fritz Binde stepped back.

"For God's sake, Father," cried his daughter. Father Kortenhaus' whole body trembled. Anna threw herself weeping on her father's neck. Then he said quietly: "Be still, Anna. Be still! The Lord will pardon me. He surely will pardon me. I was too rash, but ---- you know how I love Fritz. But think it over to whom you will stick. Are you not my child, and have I not brought you up in God's fear and love? I do not wish to see you unhappy, Anna..." He could not continue. His knees shook. Hastily he took out his big, red handkerchief, and buried his rugged face in it, sobbing convulsively.

When Anna saw her father weeping as he did she wailed: "Father, be quiet. Never, no, never, shall I marry an unbeliever," and turning toward her fiance, she said to him: "Go, go!"

But no sooner had she said that, than she left her father and flew into Fritz Binde's arms. The latter was frightfully upset and

wanted to leave the home of Mr. Kortenhaus and forget his wife-to-be. But his fiancée did not let him. She said pleadingly to him: "I cannot leave you

now for your own self's sake. In your present condition you would surely perish in the world outside." Fritz Binde inwardly agreed with her, for many times he thought of ending his life in suicide.

Things were somewhat straightened out, and peace restored in the family. Father Kortenhaus had even the rare grace to establish his future son-in-law in Vohwinkel, near Elberfeld. Shortly after this, he took ill. He desired the young people to be married before he passed away. The wedding ceremony was performed at the dying father's bedside. Fritz Binde felt deeply ashamed, for h's attitude had precipitated the untimely death of Father Kortenhaus. Years later he wrote these lines:

If thou shouldst rise up against me Though thoughtless, wicked deed, Thou deadly wound inflicted,

Whither should I turn in my hour of need?

Fritz Binde openly confessed himself a socialist after leaving the freethinkers' circle to which he had belonged for some time. Being a born orator, as well as a g fted writer, Fritz Binde soon gained eminence in the socialistic party of Germany. He quickly captured the hearts of thousands of followers. Party leaders looked up to him as to a rising star in the political realm. He was asked to run for the German Reichstag, but he refused. Sensitive as he was he soon became disgusted with the dominating, selfish and revengeful spirit that controlled the party's life. As suddenly as he had espoused the socialistic cause he rejected it, and became an anarchist.

Fritz Binde became an anarchist of the intellectual sort largely through the study of Friedrich Nietzsche and of other radical writers. In these studies he once more discovered that man is more than matter, and that man liveth not by bread alone. He was not satisfied with merely negative criticism of existing conditions. His concern was to create a new manhood. And thus, from this time on till his conversion Binde preached the gospel of culture. He emphasized the need of of developing the inner resources of the human soul. Naturally, such advanced ideas and ideals drove the titanic idealist out of the anarchist camp. But that did not mean that Binde gave up the struggle for truth. After having relinguished natura' science, socialism, and anarchaism he turned to art as the redeemer of man.

It is realy remarkable how a watchmaker like Fritz Binde became so versatile that he truly mastered the knowl-

(Continued on Page 95)

## **A UNIQUE MISSIONARY CONFERENCE**

The Evangel Baptist Church of New- stations along the coast the work has ark, N. J., held a unique and impressive missionary conference during the week, January 13 to 20. Representatives from various faith missions and our own German Baptist fields addressed the members and friends of the Evangel Church in afternoon and evening sessions and by means of personal illustrations and exhibits pictured to them the work of their respective societies. Its success has meant that this will be the first of a series of annual missionary conferences to be held under the auspices of the church and the aggressive leadership of the minister, the Rev. Vincent Brushwyler.

It was a venture for us to sponsor such a conference in view of the fact that so many people are not interested in missions. But we took God at his Word and challenge and "launched out into the deep."

The response of our people was most encouraging. "The average attendance for the afternoon meetings was about 40 The evening attendance during the week was 100 and on Sunday evening 240 people were present. Best of all we feel that as a church our interest in foreign missions has been greatly stimulated and our vision enlarged.

A large map, prepared by Mr. Norman Drechsel of our church, was hung on the wall for our study. On this map the various fields were represented by different colors which enabled us to locate the stations of the missionary organizations.

Another feature which helped to enhance the interest of the conference was the variety of booths with missionary curios and p'ctures at the rear of the auditorium. The things of Africa were most prominent. India and the Orient were also represented. The posters were the center of attraction for many of the

On Sunday morning, Jan. 13, the Rev. visitors. Robert J. Adams, returned missionary from the French West Africa, brought an opening inspirational message. He and h's wife have been serving under the board of the Christian Mission Alliance. Mrs. Adams was formerly a member of our church. In the evening Rev. Henry D. Campbell, general secretary of the African Inland Mission, spoke on the passage recorded in Mark 7:24-30. These services gave promise of a conference to be blessed manifold of

On Tuesday evening, Jan. 15, we met God egain for the first week-day session of the conference. Mr. Cyrus Nelson, a student at the Princeton Theological Seminary, led the worsh'p service in song. Dr. Robert H. Glover, Home Director of Dr. Robert H. Glover, Induction his address the China Inland Mission, in his address us of its work among the tribal Indians spoke of the story of the mission and its present service. He dweit considerably upon the faith of J. Hudson Taylor, founder of the mission, whose beginning with \$50 has grown to more than 28 million dollars expended through the years for this purpose. From 15 small

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grown to 300 stations with 1313 missionaries and 4000 native workers.

On Wednesday afternoon we met for a time of prayer and fellowship. Mrs. Robert Adams of the French West Africa challenged us with the answer to the question, "Does it Pay to Pray?" The Rev. Emil Pearson, serving as a missionary in the Portuguese West Africa under the Africa General Mission, spoke of "Prayer and Missions," using illustrations from the lives of natives which had been born again by the spirit of God. The spiritual power of this afternoon of prayer was felt by all of us.

In the evening brief testimonies were brought by Mr. Adam and Mr. Pearson concerning the challenge of the millions unevangelized in the continents of the world. The address was given by Dr.



### Boys of Africa

Arthur J. Bowen, general secretary of the South Africa General Mission, who has spent more than 25 years of pioneer work in Afr ca. Through his rich store of illustrations from the lives of missionaries, native Christians, and personal experiences, he has led us to love Africa. Another period of prayer and fellowship was enjoyed on Thursday afternoon. Miss Ethel Rea, a returned missionary from India under the Ceylon and India General Mission, brought a br'ef message on "Prayer." The Rev. Joseph A. Davis, general secretary of the Inland South America Missionary Union, told

On Thursday evening the Rev. Paul Gebauer, our own missionary, pictured the work of the Cameroons, Africa, in his inimitable way. How our hearts rejoiced as we listened to the changes which have transpired among these people because Christ has found entrance! The people who once believed in the power of the medicine man and the fetish and who howled their chants are now singing the songs of the gospel of Christ.

The Friday afternoon was a continuation of prayer and earnest petitions. The Rev. Emil Pearson and Dr. Arthur J. Bowen led us in a study of God's Word and the necessity of prayer in our lives and our churches. In the evening Miss Ethel Rea pictured for us in more graphic detail the mission work in India. Dr. Henry D. Campbell of the Africa Inland Mission told us of the story of its founding by Peter Cameron Scott in 1895. It has increased in scope until today there are 5 great fields, 50 main stations, 1100 out-stations, 200 missionaries and 1400 native evangelists and teachers.

The Rev. Paul Gebauer was the Sunday afternoon speaker. His message was a very practical one. His top'c was "The Missionary's Equipment." In regard to material equipment, he said he could make no general suggestions since each field has its own particular needs. But the equipment which he considered most important was that which could not be bought with money, namely, the mental and spiritual equipment. These are the essentials in a missionary's equipment: a life surrendered to God and controlled by his Spirit, a specific call to a specific field and a definite people, a restful trust in God for the supply of all needs, a love for communion with God and the study of his Word, a willingness to play "the second fiddle" with humble spirit, tact in dealing with people, an abundance of common sense, adaptability to a'l circumstances, steadfastness and patience in service, and a passion for souls.

The closing message of the conference was brought by Dr. Robert H. Glover of the China In'and Mission. In his stirring message he appealed for lives willing to lay all on the altar of sacrifice and to go wherever God leads. Thoughtfully but deliberatly 25 to 30 young people stood on their feet declaring their willingness to let God have his way with their l'ves. This act of consecration on the part of these young people crowned the success of our missionary conference. The influence of this group of consecrated young people is already being felt in our midst. We pray that God will give us wisdom that this enthusiasm might be conserved and expressed in preparation for actual service on the mission field.

The offering received on the closing day, designated entirely for missionary purposes, amounted to more than \$400. We praise God for this expression of sacrifice in the extension of his Kingdom. However, the true success of this conference was not determined by the gifts of money, but rather by the lives surrendered to the purpose of God. May the Lord inspire other churches to venture forth on his promises and likewise share in the spiritual blessings which are ours to receive by faith!

MISS GRACE KETTENBURG.

### Pacific Conference

## WASH

Last October the Young People's Society of the German Baptist Church, Colfax, Washington, held its election of officers with these results: Victor Kroll, president; Asaph Krueger, vice-president; Margarete Krueger, secretary; and Merton Kroll, treasurer. The annual program was held on Nov. 4th w th musical numbers, a playlet entitled, "The Anybody Family," several readings and installation of officers.

At present we are having Bible study on Sunday afternoons which take the place of the evening services because of the changeable weather and bad roads. A Junior Young People's Society is also active. On Nov. 18th they rendered a splendid musical concert. They have given numerous messages in song which have always been thoroughly enjoyed. There are 19 members in the Junior organ zation, who are saving their earnings in mite boxes which will be their gifts for the mission field.

Our Sunday School is glowing for Jesus and growing in numbers. We have an average attendance of 55 or 60. There are seven classes. On Dec. 24th the Sunday School presented a pageant, "The Three Wise Men," which was effectively rendered and enthusiastically received.

MARGARETE KRUEGER, Secretary.

### Northern Conference

### REPORT OF RECENT ACTIVITIES IN OUR CHURCH AT WINNI-PEG, MANITOBA

On Sunday, the 17th of February, the Winnipeg church had the pleasure of having the Rev. William Kuhn, the General Missionary Secretary, in its midst. It is always a joy to have him with us, for he seldom comes our way. We were deeply grateful for his stirring and encouraging messages, which he brought us on that occasion.

The first Bible School to be held in Manitoba met in our church the past two weeks. The members of the faculty and their subjects were as follows: the Rev. A. Felberg, "The History of Our Bible:" the Rev. A. Reeh, "Church History;" the Rev. E. Bonikowsky, "Education and Sunday School Teachers:" the Rev. Edmund Mittelstedt, "Missions" and "A Course in S'nging." Thirty scholars benefitted by these courses.

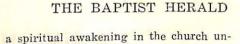
Our Sunday School is now under the leadership of Mr. O. Heide. Mr. F. Dojacek, who had been superintendent faithfully for 23 years, was led to resign because of occupation among the Czechs and Slovaks of the city.

We are happy to report that a new mission has been opened in Elmwood, one of the suburbs of Winnipeg. The attendance there has been very gratifying and under the guidance of our pastor, the Rev. A. Felberg, promises to become an important part of our work. H. PENNER, Reporter.

Dakota Conference

A NEWS LETTER FROM COLFAX, EVANGELISTIC SERVICES AT OUR CHURCH IN ISABEL, SO. DAK.

Our church in Isabel, South Dakota, has recently experienced a spiritual awakening. It had been without a pastor for some time and felt the need of such an awakening. It sent a delegation to the Rev. Fred Trautner, pastor of our churches at Hettinger and Bison, South Dakota, to conduct evangelistic services for several weeks. Mr. Trautner, unable to leave his field for that length of time, recommended a visiting friend of his, the Rev. Philip Geiter of Reading, Pa. Brother Geiter, who is an evangelist of wide experience, felt this was a "Mace- the close of last year the young people donian call" and consented to go.



der the guiding spirit of God.

### NEWS ITEMS FROM PLEASANT VALLEY, N. DAK.

The German Baptist Church of Pleasant Valley, North Dakota, held a service of special s'gnificance on New Year's Eve. The Rev. N. E. McCoy, our minister, brought the message, which touched the hearts of those present and led one person to Christ as Savior.

People come from far and near to our services, and we are convinced that the Lord is with us. The Rev. N. E. McCoy conducts our services every other week, spending the Sunday afternoon at Vashti and the evening at Carrington. Towards of the church presented him with a



### Booster Choir at Isabel, South Dakota. The Rev. P. Geiter in Center

too small to accommodate the crowds which flocked to hear the Word of God. Extra seats were secured to fill every available space in the church. Still numbers of people had to be turned away and the larger Congregational Church across the street generously opened its doors towards the close of the meetings. There were a number of conversions among young and old. Indifferent hearts were rekindled and a spirit of goodwill among the people of the various denominations who attended the Bervices was noticeable.

One of the outstanding features of the revival services was "the Booster choir" of almost sixty boys and girls, organized and conducted by the evangelist, Mr. Geiter. A picture of the choir is reproduced on this page. They learned a variety of choruses and sang with such enthusiasm that many people came especial'y to hear the singing. Mr. Geiter also sang frequently in the services accompanied by his guitar. The Rev. and Mrs. Fred Trautner assisted in the services for a number of evenings in song and exhortation.

God be praised for the blessings received and for every victory of his power and grace!

Mr. Geiter has also spent several weeks in our church at McIntosh, where he led

### After the first week the church became wrist watch as a token of their esteem and love.

Mr. McCoy is also serving as chaplan of the House of Representatives in the state legislature at Bismarck. We pray that God will bless us in the future as he has done in the past.

CHARLES SIEBOLD, Reporter.

## Central Conference

HAPPY EXPERIENCES THROUGH CO-OPERATION IN BEAVER. BAY CITY, AND PINCON-

NING, MICH.

"When you count up those who for-ward press, count me." This song has been on the lips and in the hearts of all of our members in the churches of Beaver, Bay City, and Pinconning, Mich. With fervent prayer and inner conviction we have combined our forces to gain the victory assured of Christ's help. The several fields seemed hard and stony with d fficulties, but we have attempted to till the soil to the glory of God.

In Bay City the Rev. Henry Pfeifer conducted a week of revival meetings in November. Our "Happy Singers," a number of talented young ladies, beautified every service by their hymns of praise. On Dec. 2 our pastor had the joy of baptizing two girls, who were re-

### March 15, 1935

ceived into the church as we observed the Lord's Supper. As a result of the leading of God's Spirit the "Am.ty C ass" for girls was organized.

In Beaver Mr. Pfeifer also held a week of revival meetings and the Lord blessed the efforts of his children. The invitation was also extended to those in Pinconning as to their decision for Christ. In that small church one soul came to the realization of God's love for him in Christ. On Feb 10 the members of the three churches met in our church in Beaver and at the close of the service the Rev. Henry Pfeifer baptized four joyful believers amid the harmonious melody of our "Happy Singers." Each one of the converts was given a B'ble in the name of the Beaver Baptist Church. Everyone went home rejoicing with the

spirit of Christ in his heart. As we continue to work for the Lord we earnestly sek the assistance of the prayers of our Christian brethren. "United we stand, div ded we fall."

### A BIRTHDAY SURPRISE

Feb. 14th. Valentine Day, marked a special day in the history of the Women's Missionary Circle of the Bethel Baptist Church, Detroit, Mich. After a short business session, our president, Mrs. S. A. Kose, told the story of a little girl who came to bring joy to her parents on Valentine Day. This little g'rl, now grown to adulthood, was none other than our pastors' wife, Mrs. Paul Wengel, who continues to bring joy to many.

Birthday greetings were sung and all adjourned to another room where tables were beautifully decorated with hearts, candles and flowers. A large birthday cake was placed before Mrs. Wengel, the birthday child. A shower of paper hearts preceded the shower of gifts which were g ven to her by the various groups of our women's organizations. Mrs. O'to Koppin presented the gift from the Women's Mission Circle, Mrs. J. Neumann represented the Onesirra group, Mrs. H. Wil-liams, the Fides Filiae, Mrs. W. Edwards, the Puella Diligentae, and Mrs. E. Keller, the Daughters of Bethel. Mrs. Wengel, deeply s'irred by this expression of 'ove and goodwill, found it hard to ex-

press her appreciation in words. After a happy time of fellowship around the tables, enjoying coffee and cake, this beautiful birthday service came

to a close. MRS. H. E. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

ANNUAL REPORT FROM OUR CHURCH IN INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

Time passes quickly. It seems only a short time ago since our last annual report was sent to "The Baptist Herald." We have had to struggle through the financial difficulties of the past year as many other churches had to do. God has helped us by h's grace and power to unite together in his service and has blessed our work with a small increase in our membership.

The work of the year was brought fittingly to a close with our usual supper

We want to acknowledge the faithful service of on eof the oldest members of this church, Brother Charles Schaefer. He has been a member of the Bethel Church, Indianapolis, since May, 1895. For the past 39 years he has served as church treasurer. Such a service is certainly noteworthy.

THE ANNUAL BUSINESS MEETING OF THE EVANGEL CHURCH,

On Monday evening, Jan. 21, the members of the Evangel Baptist Church in Newark, N. J., met for a supper gathering and the annual business meeting Some time was spent after the supper in the singing of choruses and in testimonies of praise and thanksgiving. The various organizations reported concerning their progress, and the financial report of the church was exceedingly encouraging. Not only have all the expenses been paid, but the spiritual blessings, which we consider much more important, have been manifold. Our church membership had a net increase of more than 50 during the past year, so that our pres-

ent membership is 328. Our Sunday School presented a glow-

Doctor S. D. Gordon, in h's "Quiet Talks on Prayer," wonderfully summarizes our Lord's inspiring example of ing report. We find that our constit. praver: "How much prayer meant to uency is constantly changing, but our Jesus! It was not only his regular habit. enrollment seems to be constantly going but his resort in every emergency, howforward. At the present time the enever slight or serious. When perplexed rollment of the Sunday School is 575 he prayed. When hard pressed at work with an average attendance during 1934 he prayed. When hungry for fellowship of 375. he found it in prayer. He chose his associates and received his messages upon The election of officers was as follows: Trustees, Messrs. Henry Lauterwasser, his knees. If tempted, he prayed. If Sr., Norman Drechsel, and Ferdinand criticized, he prayed. If fatigued in body Dinge; Members elected at large to the or wearied in spirit, he had recourse to church committee, Messrs, Edward this unfailing habit of prayer. Prayer Schantz, Karl Hofheinz, Harold Bishof; brought him unmeasured power at the Miss on Trasurer, Timothy Hoops; Misbeginning, and kept the flow unbroken sion Secretary, John Brueschwyler; and undiminished. There was no emerg-Church Clerk, Miss Elsie Nitsche; memency, no difficulty, no necessity, no tempbers at large to serve on the Music Comtation that would not yield to prayer, as mittee, Miss Edna Schieweck, Mrs. Vinhe practiced it. Shall not we who have cent Brushwyler and Miss Grace Kettenbeen tracing these steps in his prayer life, go back over them again and egain burg At the close of the service everyone until we breathe in his very spirit of present received a souvenir booklet conprayer? And shall we not, too, ask him taining several poems, choruses, a sumdaily to teach us how to pray, and then mary of the changes of church memberplan to get alone with him regularly, ship, a chart showing the average atthat he may have opportunity to teach us. and we the opportunity to practice tendance for the past five years at the Sunday services, Sunday School, Prayer h's teaching?"

Meetings and Junior Church. The Rev. Vincent Brushwyler is pastor and Miss Kettenburg, missionary of the church. REPORTER.

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and annual meeting. We were happy to hear what the affiliated organizations have done in the service of the Master. Some reports were not so favorable as others, but is that not evidence of a time of trial? A time of testing of faith is for the purpose that we may not falter but be spurred on to greater success.

Pray for us that we may grow in spirit and in strength, for we expect to work with our pastor, the Rev. Adolf Bredy, more earnestly during this coming year than ever before. H. HOFFMAN.

### Atlantic Conference

NEWARK, N. J.

### PRAYER HELPERS "Take it to the Lord in Prayer"

### Wits' End Corner

Are you standing at "Wits' End Corner '

Yearning for those you love,

- Longing and praving and watching. Pleading their cause above;
- Trying to lead them to Jesus,
- Wond'ring if you've been true?

He whispers, "At 'Wits' End Corner,' I'll win them as I won you!"

No doubt to a brighter pathway

Your footsteps will soon be moved,

But only at "Wits' End Corner" Is "the God who is able" proved!

### First Baptist Church' Trenton, Ill.

We, the untersigned (24 signatures) pledge our support both spiritual and mater al toward the welfare of our various denominational activities. You can be assured that both foreign and home missionary activities shall have our united support. Our prayers and our talents. as God gives us strength, shall be directed to the extension of his glorious Kingdom.

F. L. STROBEL Pastor.

HENRY GIESECKE, Deacon.

### A Prayer

"Teach me, O Lord, thy holy way, And give me an obedient mind. That in thy service I may find My soul's delight from day to day."

### A Beautiful Summary

PRAYER-HELPERS. P. O. Box 6. Forest Park, Ill.

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THE BAPTIST HERALD

# Beginning the Day

A Scripture Passage and Meditation for Spiritual Progress By PROFESSOR ARTHUR A. SCHADE

OF ROCHESTER, N. Y.

(Read 1 John 1)

### Wednesday, March 20 Let John Show You

"We know that his testimony is true." John 21:34.

(Read John 1:1-14)

We find the deepest satisfaction by looking upon the countenance of our friends and having fellowship with them, so the Christian yearns for a glimpse of the soul of his Master. Especially during the Lenten season as we commemorate his suffering, our eyes are fixed on Calvary.

To whom else may we go in quest of this satisfaction than to the Gospel writers, each of whom tells us the story of Jesus from his own peculiar viewpoint? As Balak led Balaam from one hill of Moab to another to show him the formidable mu titudes of Israelites, so they lead us from one vantage point to another, each of which affords us a glimpse into the soul of him, who is acknowledged of all men in all ages the most d vine. John is to be our guide at this season, of whom another said: "We know that his testimony is true." As a confidential companion of Jesus during his Jerusalem ministry he is well qualified.

"Father, unveil thyself in Jesus, that we might behold thee and worship.'

### Thursday, March 21 The Insight of Love

"Therefore that disc ple whom Jesus loved said unto Peter, It is the Lord." John 21:7.

(Read John 21:15-25)

Not only was John qualified by circumstances to show us the Master; he also was blessed with the insight of love. That is why he rather than Peter was first in recognizing the Lord in the morning twilight. We recognize that the report states that Jesus loved that disciple, and not that the disciple loved Jesus. But why was he singled out above all others as the object of Jesus' love? We can only surmise the meaning. May he not have manifested an understanding and a sympathy which brought comfort to the Savior during the sorrowful days of his passion? Love is such a mutual experience. The love of the Master attests the love of the disciple. John's witness to his Master was born not only from his close association with him but from a deep and sincere love.

"Father, baptize our hearts with thy spirit of love, that we might appreciate the excellence of thy Son, our Savior."

### Friday, March 22 Verification of the Senses

"That which we heard, which we have seen and our hands have handled of the Word of life .... declare we unto you." 1 John 1:1-3.

It was not the deity but the humanity of Jesus that became the object of doubt in the early Church. John's witness is not restricted to the Fourth Gospel, but it is supplemented by his three letters. In the first of these he seeks to allay the doubt concerning the humanity of Jesus by assuring his readers that he tested him by means of his physical senses. He heard him speak, looked into his face, held his hands, and lay at his bosom: hence there can be no doubt concerning his reality. We are not troubled with doubts concerning the humanity or the deity of Jesus, but we are supremely desirous to know what he thought, sa'd, 21. and did. And for this knowledge we are dependent on the witness of those who

"Father, grant us the will to believe!"

### Saturday, March 23

knew him.

### Finishing the Facts for Faith

"These things were written that ye might believe." John 20:31. (Read John 20:19-31)

Having satisfied ourselves concerning John's qualifications as a witness, we shall proceed to look at the purpose of his Gospel. He recognizes that the claims of the Gospel are staggering to the imagination. He would not ask people to believe his stupendous claims without supplying convincing evidence for their truthfulness. The facts reported in the Gospel were written, in order that readers might believe that Jesus is the Christ,

the Son of God, and the donor of eternal life. This purpose must not be forgotten. The Gospel is not biographical, nor theological, but evangelistic. We shall come to recognize it as a series of sermons which he preached to his Ephesian audience.

"Father, help us to be diligent students of thy Word, that our faith may be well established on the truth of thy selfrevelation."

### Sunday, March 24 Jesus' Jerusalem Ministry

"From that hour he took her unto his own home." John 19:27.

(Read John 19:25-30) These words would indicate that this "John" was a resident of Jerusalem. That would account for the fact that he reports that phase of Jesus' ministry which occurred in Jerusalem, in contrast to the other Gospels which confine Jesus' ministry to the north except for his baptism, temptation and last week. John's Gospel finds Jesus in Jerusalem except in the following passages: 2:1-12; 4:6; 7:1-9, 21. Jesus' presence at three Pass-

overs, and possibly four, one Feast of Tabernacles and one Feast of Dedication are reported. This Gospel not only supplements the picture of Jesus given by the Synoptics, but it is more exact with reference to some of the events of the last week. For that reason it is especially suited for our Lenten meditations.

"Father, enable us to enter the fellowship of Jesus' suffering, as he labored to guide his nation into the course of its divine mission."

### Monday, March 25 A Gospel for the Greeks "Sir, we would see Jesus." John 12:

(Read John 12:20-36)

These words indicate one class of readers for which the Gospel was written. and at the same time they typify the Greeks' attitude of mind toward the Christian religion in John's day. The'r faith in the ancient gods had crumbled. Mystery religions had sprung up, which were seeking to minister to the religious hunger of this highly gifted people. John found it necessary to do, as miss'onaries in all lands have done since his time, to adapt himself to the customs, ways of thinking, and religious symbolism which prevailed among those whom he would win.

"Father, grant us grace to become all things to all men, that we might win them to the Christian life."

### Tuesday, March 26 The Divine Logos

"In the beginning was the Word." John 1:1. (Read John 1:1-5)

The first sentence of th's Gospel was designed to capture the attention of the Greeks. The term "logos," translated Word," was popularly debated in Greek circles in the first century. To the Greeks it represented Universal Reason from which creation came forth, somewhat akin to our conception of God. Philo, a Hellenistic Jew, sought to unite Greek and Hebrew religion. He found the common denominator in this word "logos." It was commonly used in the Greek translation of the Old Testament, expressing God's creative acts in Genesis. and also his revelation to the prophets. John identifies Jesus with this "logos."

"Father, we praise thee for thy response to the god-quest of human souls among all nations, and for thy supreme self-revelation in Jesus, our Savior"

### Wednesday, March 27 Flowers for the Living "Mary took a pound of ointment and anointed the feet of Jesus." John 12:3. (Read John 12:1-8)

### March 15, 1935

This fascinating story teaches us to was the Christ, but because of persecu- gospel. As with the Apostle Paul it show our love to friends while they are alive and able to appreciate it, rather than to buy costly flowers after they have departed. But it is also instructive as another illustration of John's adaptation of his material to Greek customs. According to Mark 14:3 and Matthew 26:7 it was the head of Jesus which was anointed. Luke 7:46 agrees with John in having the feet anointed. The difference lies in the Greek table customs according to which guests reclined at right angle with the table, making it practically impossible to reach the head. John and Luke, written largely for Greeks, follow excellent pedagogic principles in adapting their material to the understanding of their readers.

"Father, help us to express our love to others while we may; only too soon our ways may part, loading our souls with regrets because of missed opportunities."

### Thursday, March 28 Who Are You?

"I am the voice of one crying in the wilderness." John 1:28.

(Read John 1:19-34) Tradition tells us that the followers of John, the Baptist, developed into a competitive church and flourished in Ephesus and elsewhere down to the middle of the second century. Bible students have often noted how John, the Baptist, is minimized in comparison to Jesus in this Gospel. He "confessed" rather a defensive attitude: "I am not the Christ, nor Elias, nor that prophet, only a voice.... I baptize only with water, he with the Holy Spirit; I am unworthy to unloose the latchet of his shoes. He must increase, I decrease." Even his baptism of Jesus is hushed. These modest claim's of "the Baptist" probab'y were called forth by this continued competition of his sect. His followers were missing the best by failing to come into the Christian fellowship. These words from the mouth of "the Baptist" ought to set them right.

"Father, grant us that humility, loyalty and unselfishness, which graced the forerunner of Jesus."

## Friday, March 29

The Gospel for the Jews "Do the rulers know indeed that this is the very Christ?" John 7:26.

(Read John 7:10-31) John's fruitful field of evangelism among Greeks and fo lowers of John, the Baptist, did not blind him to the Jew's rightful claim to the gospel message. How better could he present the claims of Christ to them than to develop the points of issue between Christ and his people by means of disputations which are set in connection with Jesus' attendance at the various feasts. He likes to relate how Jesus came forth from those heated discustions triumphantly; how Nicodemus, Joseph of Arimathea, the rulers, and many people believed and were convinced that he really

In the foregoing devotions we considered the qualifications of John as a witness of Christ, the purpose of his gospel, and three classes of hearers to whom the messages were originally addressed. We are now ready to make a study of the main ideas of the gospel.

One of the key-words is life, or eternal life. He does not speak of "better righteousness" or "the Kingdom of Heaven" as in Matthew, but rather uses a term which was current among the Greeks. To them life resided in the "logos" or universal reason and became personal only as it found its way into the mind of man. John sees in Jesus all that the Greeks sought in their "logos," namely, light, the creative agency, and life, which enables man to be selective in his choice of interests.

"That was the true light that lighteth every man that cometh into the world." John 1:9.

Light is another term that figures prominently in this gospel. The life makes one glad, as symbolized by wine. which Jesus gives is the Light of men. People often forget that the spirit of Jesus was the true Light that lighteth God makes the heart glad, and not sad. every man. "If we walk in the light as "Father, grant us such participation he is in the light, we have fellowship one with another" (1 John 1:7). His in thy spirit, that our hearts may be made glad." gift of salvation is set forth under the symbol of giving light to a blind man. Wednesday, April 3 Light and fire were regarded by many The Temple Built Without Hands ancient people as symbolic of deity. Mo-"Destroy this temple, made with hands, ses discovered God in the burning bush. and in three days I will raise it up." Jesus' apparel became white on "the Mount of Transfiguration." To the John 2:19. Greeks it was closely akin to reason. (Read John 2:13-25) Reason made the way of life clear, and Here we have the Jewish temple, made in that sense threw light upon it. With with hands, which Jesus was to erect John, Jesus is the light which should in consequence of his resurrection. In make the goal and the pathway of life the trial the Jews accused Jesus of clearly visible to all men. Receiving him, we need not walk in darkness,

"Father, may the light of divine reason illuminate our souls, that we may find the way of life and realize our heavenly birthright!"

"This is the work of God, that we believe on him whom he hath sent." John 6:29.

tion they could not openly confess him. "Father, may thy chosen people, which gave the world the most precious gift, the Christ, come to believe in him and receive his blessings!"

### Saturday, March 30

### The Source of Life

"In him was life, and the life was the light of men." John 1:4.

(Read John 6:47-57)

"Father, may our religion be vital, leading us to know, love and select the good and shun evil."

### Sunday, March 31

### The Light of the World

(Read John 8:12-18)

### Monday, April 1

### The Fruit of Faith

(Read John 6:22-35)

means much more than "accepting as true." That is simple enough for minds that are untrained to discern between truth and error, appearance and reality. It is the intellectually honest mind that finds it hard to "accept as true" that which is at variance with commonplace experience. Believing is explained in 1:12 as receiving him, and in 6:54 as receiving him symbolically, stated as eating his flesh and drinking his blood. Therefore this believing saves (3:16), gives eternal life (6:47), and makes immune to death (11:25, 26). Therefore the work of God is believing and leading others to believe or accept Jesus as Savior and Lord.

"Father, grant us grace to receive him whom thou hast sent as teacher, example, Lord and Redeemer."

### Tuesday, April 2 A Cheerful Religion

"Thou hast kept the good wine until now." John 2:10.

(Read John 2:1-11)

John represented salvation by the use of symbols which are somewhat perpexing to us, since we are not familiar with the customs and viewpoints of his people and times. But since they are the framework of his collection sermons, we must approach them. We are often dismayed by this report of his making wine, but on'y because we do not get the point. The making of the wine to gladden the guests is a symbol of the giving of his spirit, when his hour shall have come, to bring the spirit of divine joyousness to human souls. The waterpots with their stale contents symbolize Jewish ritual worship, which is dull and cheerless. In contrast, this spirit of Jesus

threatening to break down their temple, but John says it was just the opposite. Jesus warned them that their evil practices were destroying the temple of their religion. He warned them that they, by carrying their work to the bitter conclusion, opened the way for him to build the temple of his body, meaning his church, in which he should live and through which he should express his life in helpful ministry.

"Father, may our lives supply thee with an habitation through which thou mayest "Believe" is another keyword of this carry on thy work among men !"

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THE BAPTIST HERALD

# The Family Forum

### Conducted by the REV. O. E. KRUEGER

W<sup>E</sup> do not want to do all the talking. When we do talk, we want to feel that some specified need is being met. We cannot promise to solve all problems. We shall submit to the constituency of and get the reactions from a larger group. There too must make Christ inescapable. are those among our people who have worked out their difficulties in their own experiences. We shall ask them to share with us some of their convictions.

### Why Not Organize a Parent Class?

Without a doubt there are parents in every church whose greatest concern is the proper training of their children. Some definite guidance will be welcome to them. We have rarely put such a practical and necessary course into the educational program of our work. If it is not practical to conduct such a class in connection with the Sunday school, or if the church activity-program is too full for organizing another group, why not ask the Pastor to devote one prayer meeting evening a month to the interests of family life, having particularly the training of parents and of children in mind? The old fashioned prayer meeting, in many places, is dying out anyway. An interest of this kind will inject new life into it, and also will focalize prayer. The pastor will find splendid material to guide such a study group. It will interest not only the parents, but also the grandparents, as well as uncles and aunts who have no children. These will be able to give the last word upon every child-training problem! It will be a very fine thing for prospective parents and young people, too.

### Follow Some Definite Study-Course

If you canot get group-study, then pursue some course by yourself. Undoubtedly you are unconsciously gathering hints from everywhere that bear upon your problem. Why not make it more definite by taking up with your partner in the process of character-moulding such a book as "Christian Parenthood in a Changing World," by J. H. Montgomery (50 cts.)? It seeks to help parents in the development of their own personality, and so to equip them for their task.

### The Religious Objective of the Family

It sems unnecessary to restate that which ought to be well known. It is not the amount of detailed religious knowledge, that we may impart to the children, which counts. It does matter, however, how firmly we place them into the grip of Christ. Our task is to "make Jesus Christ inescapable." Many of the children of today go out from a Christian home and thereupon neglect the church and allow the dust to accumulate upon the Bible presented to them by the Bible school. But if we have been successful in placing them into the captivity of Christ, it will be hard for them to kick against the pricks.

Stephen and the Christians whom Saul persecuted put something into his heart that had not been placed there by all the religious knowledge he possessed. That made it possible for Jesus to our denomination some of these difficult questions capture him and to make him a bond-servant. We

### An Effective Family Altar

Are you still conducting a family altar? What method do you persue? Does your family enter into it with joy and profit? Or did you give it up, and why? Is there no possibility of restoring family worship? What are your difficulties? Have you had helpful experiences? We invite your response to these questions. We are told that the complex set-up of modern life with all the diversified interests of the members of the family in which school, industrialism, and social contacts give a different time-table to every one in the home makes it impossible to get the family together for as much as five minutes a day for worship. "Where there is a will, there is a way." Is not the breakdown of the family altar an indication that we have lost much of our faith and more of our fervor? Or have we merely become discouraged because we did not know how to adjust our family worship to the change of time, and just gave it up because it did not seem to fit into present conditons?

### How Shall We Conduct Family Worship?

TIME.-Most families still have an evening meal together. That would be the ideal time for worship. Some farmers may still have the family around the table three times a day and may worship together at each meal.

MATERIAL.—The adult family will use the Bible in the preferred version and read according to some preferred system. It is good for each to have a copy and read in rotation. The use of hymns is a great help. Where there are children is is better to use "a Story Bible" which tells in simple language the Bible stories that are suited for children. There are such splendid "Story Bibles" available, and many of them have pictures to vivify the story to the child.

BREVITY .- Long prayers are for the closet, not for the prayer meeting nor for the family altar. We have long frowned upon prayer books. Some family altars have fallen into decay because of the monotony of the prayer which is offered daily in vain repetition. Possibly the use of prayer helps is not of the devil after all. Of course the Christian has petitions to bring to God that are not written in prayer books.

CONFERENCE .- The members of the family may find great help in a free discussion of their problems at the family altar and make them a topic of prayer.

### March 15, 1935

### From Anachist and Socialist to Christ

(Continued from Page 88) edge of his day. From 1897 he studied problems of art with the same passion with which he studied Marx, Engels and Nietzsche in previous years.

Through the influence of a certain Mr. Woltmann Fritz Binde began to study the Bible. He had scarched all the systems of philosophy for an answer to his deepest questions, and had been left in the dark. He had tried socialism and found it wanting. He had reveled in anarchism, and had come out a philosophic wreck. It had been a desperate struggle for truth which did not lead anywhere. No wonder that slowly but surely the terrific studies began to exhaust the physical strength of this gifted young man. With intense passion he waded through the systems of the world thinking. He fought for them, he lived for them, and he died for them, only to become more disgusted and more desperate in the end. Wherever he turned he discovered flaws, mistakes, idolatry. God laid Binde very low, so that he could no longer study or work. He became perfectly helpless and lived through terrible years between 1900-1902. He, who had trusted in his own resources for his soul's redemption, came to despair in himself completely. He hardly could write a page a day. (To be concluded)

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these

One of the finest little books on the mendation could be given than suggesthymns and songs of the Christian Church ing the three quarterly booklets for daily "Stories of Hymns We Love" by Cedevotion published by the Comm ssion on celia Margaret Rudin, recently published Evangelism of Congregational Churches by John Rudin and Company, Chicago, with offices at 287 Fourth Ave., New and retailing at one dollar. It is at-York, N. Y. They cost fifteen cents each tractively bound in dark blue cover and and are entitled, "The High Way,' artistically printed on heavy enamel pa-"Daily Devotions," and "The Valor of per. Forty hymns are considered in an the Soul." They cover any quarter of entirely new and captivating treatment. the year, are attractively and well bound Each hymn will mean vast y more to the and are splendidly and suggestively comreader after persuing Miss Rudin's study. piled. When the fourth of the series is I learned many things from this book pub ished in April, the four copies will which held my attention with fascinafurnish the finest devotional program for tion. I never knew before that Martin a year at sixty cents with which I am Luther as a student "often used his acquainted. b: autiful voice to sing under the win-I am going to make a rather reckless dows of wealthy citizens for alms to be given to the poor," that Isaac Watts recommendation for young people, ministers and leaders of our church organiwrote a delightful book of songs for chilzations. The book on prayer which has dren, among them being "Birds in The'r meant most to me during the past years Little Nests Agree," that Charles Wesley wrote the hymn "O, For a Thousand is the lovely white booklet entitled "Ways Tongues to Sing" to "commemorate the of Praving" by Murial Lester (Cokesfirst anniversary of his spiritual awakbury Press-32 pages-35 cents). You ening, that Philip P. Bliss sent his first will find this booklet worth ten times effort at hymn writing to a publisher what it costs. It will elevate your prayer asking for a flute in return if the song life, evoke new ways of praying, suggest was accepted, and that the hymn "God prayer attitudes and habits for physical Be With You Till We Meet Again" was and spiritual health and portray a promade popular by having been adopted by found study of prayer. This is also a the Christian Endeavor societies of the book which you will want to keep open world. on your desk or table near your bed.

## A CHAT ABOUT BOOKS

By THE EDITOR

should awaken in us a spirit of devotion and meditation. They should lead us into "the garden where Christ walks with us and ta'ks with us." An inquiry which other at this season of the year has to do with devotional material in the nature of books or pamphlets for quiet meditation. Our chat will suggest a few of

In this book by Miss Rudin you w'll find the most complete and picturesque story of the hymn we love so dearly, "Silent Night, Holy Night," You will find the stories of such hymns, whose background is little known, as 'Savior, Breathe an Evening Blessing," "That Sweet Story of Old," "When Morn ng Gilds the Skies," "God Will Take Care fo You," "This is My Father's World" and "I Would Be True."

The lovely reproduction of Saint Cecilia, the patron saint of music, and the story of her martyrdom in 230 A. D. are a meditation study in themselves. Use this book during the Lenten season to open spiritual vistas upon the lives of will return to it again and again for tional meditations.

A small paper bound brochure is published annually by the Commission on Evangelism of the Federal Council of Churches called "The Fel'owship of

The Lenten season has begun. These Prayer" to be used during the days of days before Good Friday and Easter the Lenten season. This years booklet is particularly outstanding and helpful because it is written by Dr. Gaius Glenn Atkins of Auburn, N. Y., whose pen is always lucid and whose Christian spirit has been made more frequently than any is winsome. If you cannot secure a booklet from your pastor, the editor will be glad to send you a copy upon receipt of five cents in stamps.

> For those who want something more e'aborate and enduring, no finer recom-

If you ask me what books I shall use during the Lenten season, I can answer briefly. I am reading "The Evening Altar" by Carl Wallace Petty (Privately Printed-1932-\$1.00), a series of radio talks by the late Dr. Petty on the enduring virtues of the Christian life. There is more "food for thought" in those 187 small pages than in many books twice its size through which I have waded. am rereading "Prayers of the Soc al Awakening" by Walter Rauschenbusch (Pilgrim Press-1925-75 cents) which has a glow of the spirit of the Eternal God for me. This book will undoubtedly become one of the religious classics for the twentieth century. I am reading for those who have given us the songs of the first time the entire "Centenary Transthe church, and you will find that you lation of the New Testament" by the late He'en Barrett Montgomery (Amer can young people's programs and church serv- Baptist Publication Society - 1924 ices as well as for your private devo \$100), a translation by one of the most gifted Baptist women. These three books together offer a program of meditation and reading which promises to be profoundly interesting and spiritually helpful.

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## THE DANUBIAN GOSPEL MISSION

Is one of the Most Promising Missionary Enterprises of German Baptists of North America

### PERSONAL GLIMPSES INTO OUR DANUBIAN MISSION

### From Missionary Johann Wahl in Jugoslavia

Recently in our mission station, Pedig, 28 persons gave their heart to Jesus Christ and will be baptized early in March. In our church at Vel Kikinda and in the mission station at Vojlovica there have been quite a number of earnest seekers who have announced their intention to serve the Lord. We are experiencing the truth of the Word.

### From Missionary Dimitroff in Bulgaria

Someone recently said to me, "Kazanlik is experiencing strong convulsions." He did not refer to an earthquake nor to civil war nor to the revolutionary speeches of a politician or some literary figure. He meant that the conscience of the Bulgarian people has been deeply

was more than 100 years of age. She was sitting in front of a cold stove shivering. In her hand she held a snow ball from which she was eating. She answered my query as to why she was eating the snow: "I am hungry and thirsty and I haven't anything else to eat." I brought wood for the stove, carried water from the well, and prepared a little warm food for her to eat. Then I asked her if she had ever heard of Jesus and of his love. "No," she answered, "but I would like to hear about him." She listened attentively to the simple story and asked me to return and to tell her more about this great love of his for her.

### From Missionary G. Teutsch in Roumania

During the past quarter we were privileged to baptize nine persons in Sibiu-Hermannstadt.

moved by the work and the prayers of humble evangelical preachers in this city. Such missionaries as the brethren, Fuellbrandt and Mischkoff, and others have sof= tened hearts otherwise indifferent to the gospel of Jesus Christ. Posters with appropriate religious messages have been put on display throughout the entire city and draw the people to our services.



A Map of the Danubian Gospel Mission Showing the Various Mission Churches and Their Stations

Such comments as these have been overheard: "Look, how this little group of evangelical Christians work with such abandon and eager enthusiasm!" "These people know how to work. That is genuine Christianity!" A great revival movement seems to be sweeping the people of this city which is evidenced in the profound interest in the gospel message.

### From Missionary Georgi Stefanoff Among the **Gypsies**

During the winter months there is a great deal of physical suffering among the gypsies. The needs are often appalling. One day I entered a gypsy home in which the members of the family were lying in bed because they had no fuel with which to keep their home warm. A few days ago I met an old gysy woman, who

to him that hygienic conditions are a great deal worse in taverns and public houses. One of our mission stations was recently closed because of a poem which was read in which the orthodox state church was mentioned, not in the least disparagingly, which was misinterpreted maliciously by our enemies. But these discouraging persecutions only serve to strengthen our faith.

### From Missionary Lukowitzky in Hungary

We have been happy to baptize 25 persons recently here in Bonyhad. A group of boys has been organized into "a Band of Gideons." These boys are the liveliest and most active young people's group in our church.

OUR DANUBIAN WORK NEEDS PRAYER-HELPERS AND FINANCIAL SUPPORTERS

The work is making definite progress, even though we have to overcome many difficulties. The government demands that the meeting places for our services be used

only for that one purpose. Atother times the physician of the town declares our building, in which we intend to hold our services, as unfit for such purposes because of lack of ventilation.

It never occurs